



Comisiwn Ffiniau  
i Gymru

Boundary Commission  
for Wales

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# Revised Proposals Consultation: Representations

Volume 8: 10513 (part 3)

In Mid Wales there are two major foci which would be a base to form two constituencies for it. These are the major and largest county - Powys. The main, major and largest town - Aberystwyth. Aberystwyth is by far the largest town and centre of Mid-Wales and is the 'capital' of Mid Wales. Indeed once Aberystwyth was considered as one of the places (three major ones) to be the capital of Wales. It is central, but "along way" from London and lost out to Cardiff, which was the largest centre. Therefore to have two constituencies for Mid Wales, wholly and completely for Mid Wales, based on its largest town (capital) and largest county - Aberystwyth & Powys.

Powys has over the constituency range. Breaking-up, dividing Powys, you can divide North and South or East and West. But if North and South, what do you do with those two 'halves' - both below the constituency range? You end up NOT making a constituency for Mid Wales, but two 'half' constituencies for Mid Wales. Certainly it should be done within Central Wales, and not go to either of the others i.e. Northern Wales or Southern Wales. Obviously dividing North/South is the work of the two. And you also have the problem where to divide Powys into north & south. For Services Powys divides it about Mid way - around the county town of Llandrindod Wells. So for MPs to deal with one set of Services, this would be most appropriate for today. But the county follows the communities, while constituencies follow wards which are not the same. Of course the county does not have to follow & adhere to constituency ranges which constituencies must do by statute. Thus County Powys has no problems doing that, but there are problems for constituencies doing that. Presently constituencies go by former districts (long gone over a quarter of a century), which were based on the old counties gone for over half a century. Thus they are not as the county and county operate now and so do not represent it truly - today & for the future. The more favourable and advantageous way is East/West. The part of Powys least connected with the rest is the western part. Therefore this would be the part not to be within a Powys constituency. Also, of course it is the only way, since eastward is into England. Much of the western part of Powys looks to Aberystwyth. Aberystwyth is also much closer to them than Llandrindod Wells, etc. Aberystwyth is where they go shopping, and where some will work. It is where most will go if they want a night out. They know it far better than most of Powys.

There are seven wards in the South-western part of Powys. These would go to contribute to the Teifi based constituency and Caerfyrddin based constituency. The mid and north western ~~wards~~ wards would go to contribute to the Aberystwyth constituency. In the north-western part of Powys there are four wards which could go to help form both constituencies by going to the Aberystwyth constituency. Which one of these four is very much based on priorities & preferences. The map here shows the four which are coloured in black. They

are (from north to south)

Llanfawr

Mesfod

Llanfair Caereinion

Caersŵs

All of these result in the two constituencies being within the constituency range.

Perhaps priorities & preferences would say which one. Also it may well depend on where you live there. But that can be said for all four wards.

Either one of these four. (?)

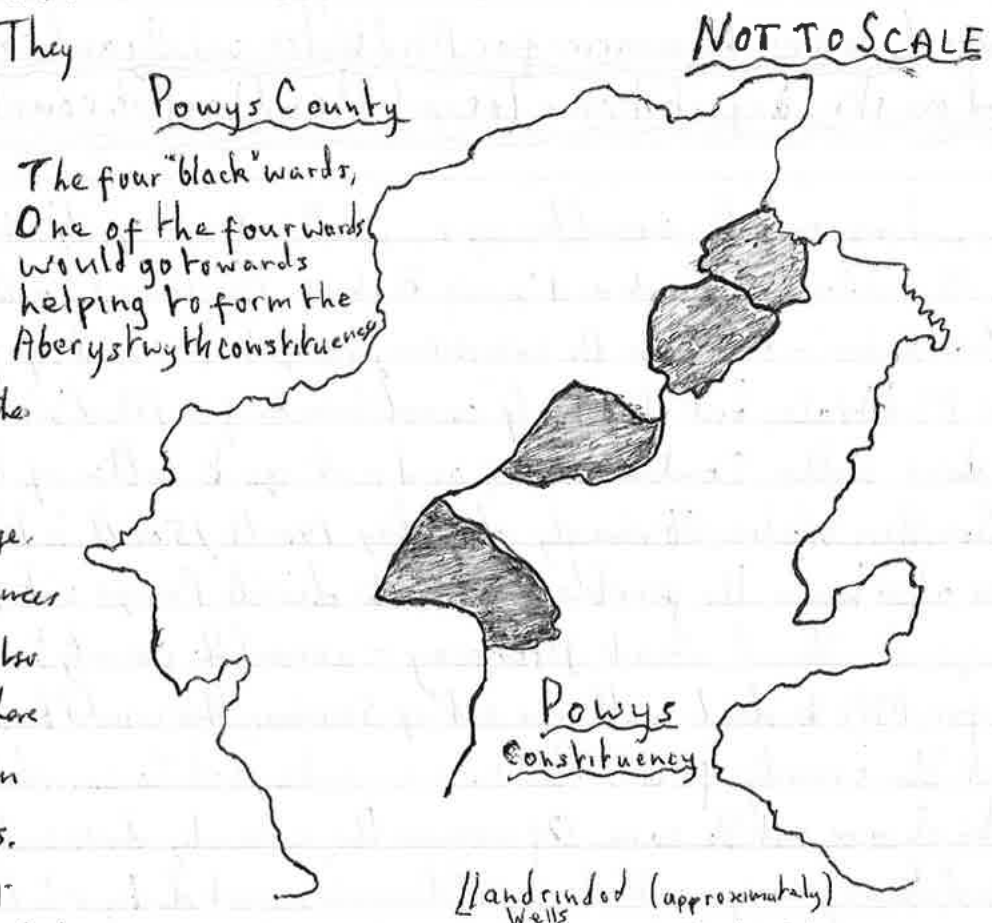
Two good whole constituencies solely and completely for Mid Wales ONLY.

As with all constituencies, not just those of Central Wales, the constituency number (overall number), constituency range and other constituencies must all be taken into consideration. Therefore compromises must be made. Decisions must be made.

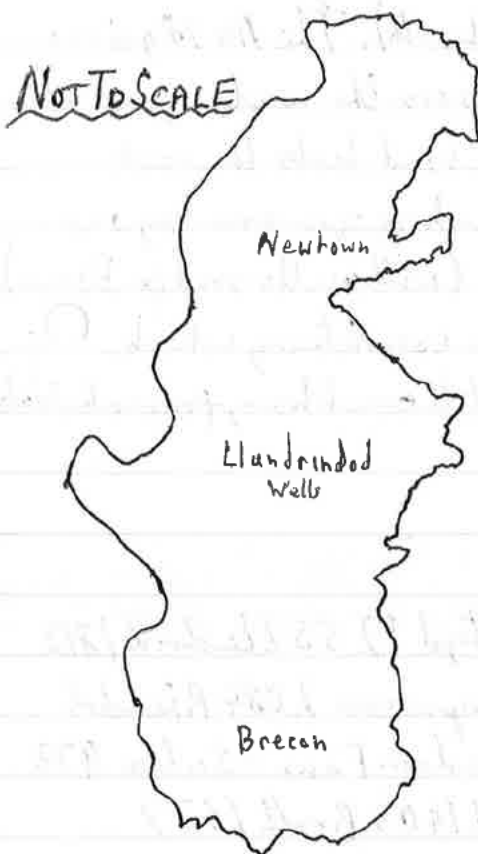
Right priorities ought to contribute to these. Preferences really should NOT play a part.

All ought to think what's best for all, the whole, the whole of Wales.

For Central Wales' six constituencies, overall, for the whole, it would seem that these six constituencies each being based on the five foci of Penryn, Powys, Aberystwyth, Teifi, Llanelli and Caerfyrddin. These three towns, ~~two~~ two counties and one river are what the six following constituencies are formed around/on. More detail for each is given below.



Configuration Llancautffraid 1563 Llandysilio 1441 Llandrinio 1763  
 Llanfair Caereinion 1301 Gwilsfield 1827 Welshpool - Castle 962  
 Llanenhydd 1602 Gungorog 1995; Trevern 1066 Forden 1215 Berrien  
 1102 Rhiwcyon 1724 Caerw 1831 Newtown Llandwchaian -  
 West 1447 North 1796; Newtown - East 1401 Central 2122 East 1401;



Dolforwyn 1652 Montgomery 1107 Churchstoke  
 1292 Kerry 1607 Llandinam 1155 Beguildy 1135  
 Nantmel 1243 Llanquillo 1071 Knighton 2296  
 Presteigne 2174 Old Radnor 1375 Llanbadarn  
 Fawr 925 Llandrinod - North 1517 East/West  
 949 South 1726; Llanyre 978 Llanafanfawr  
 1141 Builth 1849 Disserth & Trecoed 1055  
 Llanchedd 987 Hay 1355 Glasbury 1901 Bronllys  
 1060 Yscir 888 Felin-Fach 1102 Talgarth 1305  
 Gwernyped 1178 Crickhowell 2410 Bwlch 800  
 Llangors 901 Llangattock 762 Llanyridir 865  
 Talybont-on-Usk 1537 Brecon - St Mary's 2194  
 St John 2365 St David Within 1263 ~~...~~

Connotation The main county of Mid Wales is Powys.

This constituency covers the vast majority of the county and takes its name.

Justification The main county of Mid Wales ought to have its own constituency. Mid-Wales rightly to have two whole constituencies to itself. This can be done and ought to be done. This can be done by forming two constituencies based on Powys and Aberystwyth. This is one of them the next constituency 9, is the other. With County Powys it is the western part which is not connected well to the rest and the natural part not to be included when a constituency cannot include all of it. The eastern part is very well connected from top to bottom and forms a well integrated harmonious countryside constituency. In the north from Llandysilio the A483 is an excellent road connecting it to Welshpool. From Welshpool the A483 gives excellent link to Newtown. Around Welshpool is also the A458 for that area.

From Newtown (its area is served by the A489 & A492) to Llandrindod Wells is the excellent A483. The Llandrindod area is served by the A4081. Llandrindod Wells is excellently linked to Buith Wells by the A483. Buith Wells area is well served by the A470 and A481 as well as A483. From Buith Wells it is linked to Brecon by the excellent A470, which goes to the Brecon Beacons. The Brecon Area is well served by the A40 and A4215. The A40 gives excellent service from Brecon to Crickhowell. Talgarth area (which is near to the A470 Buith Wells to Brecon) is well served by the A43 which top-rate links to Hay-on-Wye (A4078 & A4079 circuits around Talgarth). The A478 gives a good link between Talgarth and Crickhowell. As can be seen the western part of Powys is excellently linked and well connected. Indeed one road links the vast majority of the area. There are not many constituencies where you can say one road links most of the constituency and all the major centres (with another road for Brecon). It all fits well together, making a homogeneous & homologue constituency which reflects the area today and how things are now. An up-to-date constituency for modern Wales.

9. Aberystwyth 70192

Configuration Llanfawr 1935 Llanrhydydd 1255 Lledrod 1812  
 Ystwyth 1673 Llanfarian 1193 Aberystwyth - Penparcau 2084 Rheiddol  
 1776 Central 1358 North 1478 Bronglais 936; Llanbadarn Fawr - Sulien 973  
 Padarn 767; Faenrr 1985 Trefeurig 1382 Tirymynach 1403 Borth 1677



Cerbanammaesmawr 1551 Melindwr 1578 Rhayader  
 1589 Blaen Hafren 1876 Llanidloes 2149  
 Machynlleth 1701 Glantwymyr 1701 Llanbrynmair  
 798 Banwy 847 Llanwddyn 846 Llanrhaeadr-ym-  
 Mochmawr/Llansilin 1815 Llanfihangel 895  
 Llanfyllin 1217 Llandderfel 1135 Bala 1413 Meifod 1069  
 Llanuwchllyn 686 Brithdir & Llanfachreth/  
 Granthwyd/Llaneddydd 1132 Corris/Mawddwy 1023  
 Aberdovey 907 Tynnyr 2476 Bryn-Crug/Llanfihangel  
 772 Llangelynnin 1625 Dolgellau - North 953 South 1072  
 Abermaw 1591 Dyffryn Ardudwy 1169 Llanbedr 768  
 Harlech 1516 Teigi 1355 Diffwys & Maenoffen 779  
 Bowydd & Rhw 1235 Penrhynderedd North 1826 Porthmadog -  
 East 1178 West 1329 Tremadog 933.

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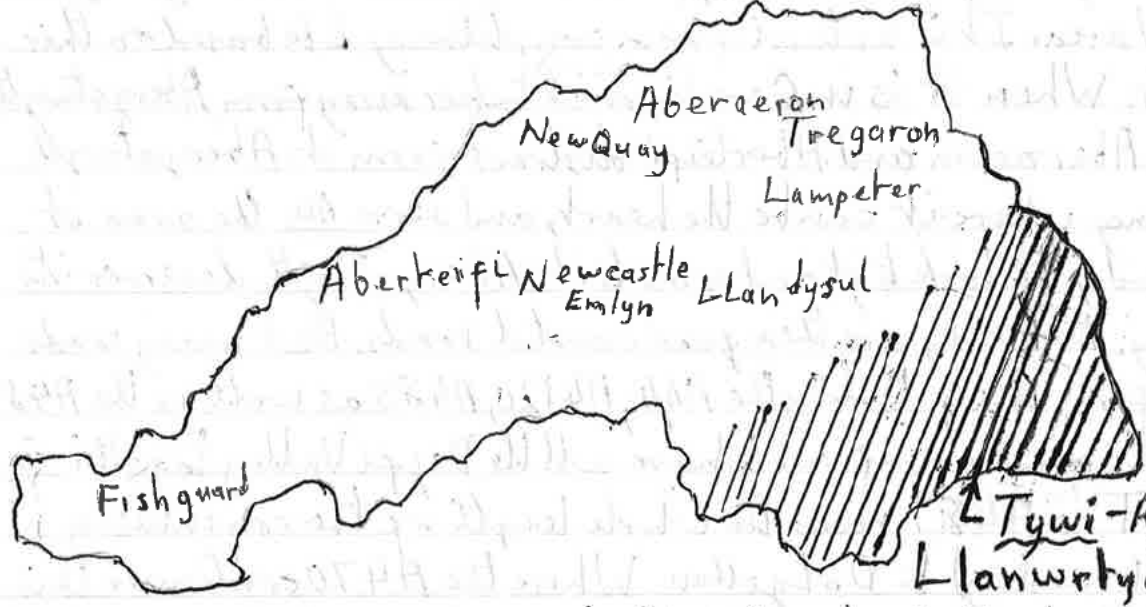
Connotation. The constituency name is named after the major centre and 'capital' of Mid-Wales - Aberystwyth. That it does not have its own constituency when it serves such a larger area than Ceredigion (north), serving ALL its hinterland. So everyone that Aberystwyth serves are in one & the same constituency.

Justification Aberystwyth is the largest centre and serves a very large and extensive hinterland area. It is natural for a constituency to be based on this and to focus on it. When it is in Ceredigion it takes away from Aberystwyth, it is not the focus. Aberaeron and Aberteifi distract from it. Aberystwyth needs a constituency where it can be the heart, and serve ALL the area it naturally does and who look to it and come to it. Aberystwyth deserves its own constituency. Not only are there good coastal roads, but many roads radiate out from it, including the A44, A4120, A485 as well as the A487 north & south. It is good & beneficial to have all the Dyfi Valley together in one constituency. The A487 runs the whole length of the constituency from the south (boundary) to Dolgellau. Where the A470 continues this right up to the north. The A487 runs through Machynlleth (Dyfi Valley) linking and connecting all this. From Dolgellau the A494 goes up to Bala and beyond. Bala is a large centre that serves north-west Powys. Most of that area of Powys is linked by minor B-roads, coming to Bala. Which is the nearest main / large centre for that area. From Bala there is the A4212 to the A470 also. This constituency is well linked. Forming a constituency based & focused on Aberystwyth, very much Mid Wales.

10. Teifi 72131

Configuration Tregaron 951 Llangetho 1168 Llanfihangel Ystodd  
1666 Aberaeron 1088 Ciliau Aeron 1613 Llangybi 1186 Lampeter 1660  
Llanwenog 1419 Llanarth 1222 New Quay 810 Llandysilio-gogo 1653  
Capel Dewi 1068 Llandysul Town 1067 Llandysfing 1466 Troedyrann  
1110 Penbryn 1762 Aberporth 1839 Beulah 1413 Pen-parc 1933.  
Aberteifi - Teifi 824 Rhyd-y-Fwrch 895 Mwtlen 1522  
St Dogmaels 1775 Newport 876 Dinas Cross 1313 Fishguard -  
North-East 1495 North-West 1208; Goodwick 1509 Sceddau 1158

Crymych 2099 Cilgerran 1594 Clydau 1189 Cernarth 1669  
 Llangeler 2772 Llanfihangel - ar - Arth 2196 Llanybydder 2027  
 Cynwyl Gaeo 1351 Cilycwin 1175 Llandoverly 1963 Llanwrtyd Wells  
 1450 Maescar/Llymel 1405 Llangadog 1629 Llandeilo 2307  
 Llandybie 3277 Llanfihangel Aberbythych 1503 Llanegwad  
 2040 Manordeilo & Salem 1816



NOT  
TO  
SCALE

Most Suitable place for Tywi.  
 Tywi-River Tywi Area  
 Llanwrtyd Wells (R. Cleddon) to

to Aber-Crychan to Llandoverly to Llandeilo (A40A483).

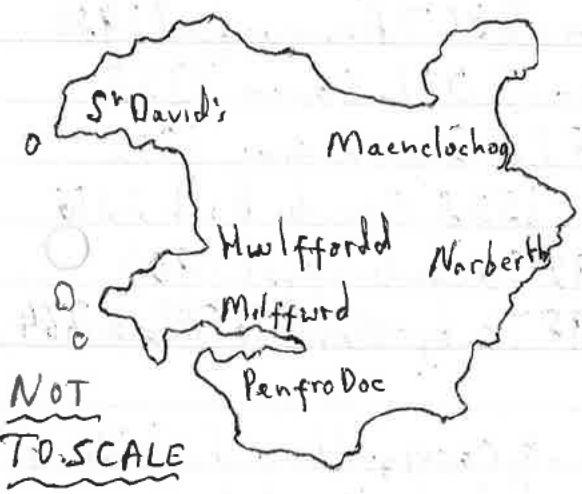
Connotation The river Teifi has many towns along it and adjacent to it that form "Teifi-side"; This is the main part and focus of the constituency. Hence the name Teifi for the constituency. All the area is Teifi. In Penfro the Preseli Hills area boundary between the two constituencies. The part included is the north-east coast. This basically consists of three bays - Fishguard Bay, Newport Bay & Ceibwr Bay. They all look to Aberteifi, and vast majority of it is Teifi - Teifiside'. There is about four or five wards in the south-east that you could say is not 'Teifiside' proper. If this wished to be included in the title, then the name could be Teifi Dinefwr. Teifi emphasises, focus ' on Teifi which is by far the vast majority. Teifi is succinct. Teifi Tywi otherwise Two rivers valleys together.

Justification Teifi is the major part of the area. This is shown, amongst other things, by the newspaper "Tivy-Side Advertiser". This is read over the whole area; including north-east Penfro. They look to Aberteifi, which is the centre they go to. St Dogmaels once was part of Ceredigion. The towns of Aberteifi, Newcastle Emlyn, Llandysul, Lampeter, Tregaron, and many many villages are along the

the river Teifi, The A484, A475, A485 link all Teifi together, so you can travel from Aberteifi to Tregaron on a straight through 'A' roads. The A486 links, joins Llandysul and New Quay. The A482 links, joins Lampeter and Aberaeron. There is a good coastal road throughout the whole constituency going from Fishguard via Aberteifi, skirting around New Quay to Aberaeron. There are numerous 'B' roads throughout the area. The constituency has good links and is excellently connected. It is one of the four main parts of the South-West and a focus as are the other three - see above.

11. Penfro 72898

Configuration S<sup>r</sup> David's 1521 Llanrhian 1232 Solva 1274  
Letterston 1873 Camrose 2190 Rudoxton 945 Wiston 1581  
Maenclochog 2462 Hwlffordd - Prendergast 1628 Garth 1660  
Portfield 1765 Castle 1674 Priory 1907; Merlin's Bridge 1619  
Johnston 2044 The Havens 1196 S<sup>r</sup> Ishmael's 1125 Milfford -



Hubberston 2004 Habon 1774 West 1523  
Central 1578 East 1571 North 2047;  
Neyland - West 1590 East 1793; Burton  
1503 Llangwm 1814 Martletury 1603  
Narberth Rural 1293 Narberth 1704  
Lampeter Velregey 1284 Kilgetty / Begelly  
1830 East Williamston 1965 Carew 1179  
Manorbier 1655 Lamphey 1429 Penfro -  
S<sup>r</sup> Michael 2082 S<sup>r</sup> Mary South 1063

S<sup>r</sup> Mary North 1675 Monkton 1022; Penfro Doc - Pennar 2442  
Llanion 1915 Central 1091 Market 1357; Hurdleton 1416

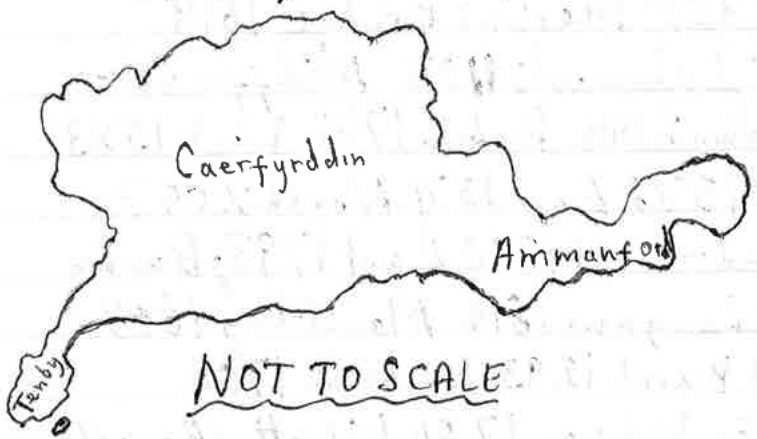
Conotation The constituency is named after the county. The constituency consists of most of the county and therefore does not need to be restricted nor limited - no qualifier needed. There are only two parts not included, the north-east and south-east.



Justification County Penfro includes the south-western tip (peninsular) and has been a county for a long time. It is too large to completely fall within one constituency due to the constituency range. Thus some along its eastern boundary needs to go. The coastal part north of the Preseli Hills, which looks to Aberteifi is one part that could go (North Eastern part). Another part is the extreme south-east coastal part. These two parts are with "mixed" constituencies presently. With these two parts - north-east coast and south-east coast - gone, the rest of County Penfro falls within the constituency range. Forming the constituency of Penfro.

12. Caerfyrddin Bae 71795

Configuration Whittard 1830 Llanbrydy 1705 Trelech 1754 Cynwyl Elfed 2468 Abergwili 1912 Caerfyrddin Town - North 3691 South 2746 West 3601; Llansleffan 1656 St Clears 2500 Llangubane Township 2161 Llangyndeym 2905 St Ismael 2318 Llangunnor 2077 Llanddassg 1678 Pontyberem 2154 Llanon 4079 Gorsias 3905 Tycoes 1862 Penygroes 2347 Ammanford 1984 Pontamman 2092 Saron 3353 Betws 1825 Gllanhamman 1802 Grarnant 1558 Quarter Bach 2216 Amoth 992 Saundersfoot 1904 Penally 1398 Tenby - North 1658 South 1664.



Connotation The constituency covers most of County Caerfyrddin and a little of the south-east of County Penfro. The constituency includes the whole area around the Bae except for the Pembrey park. The Caerfyrddin Bae is perhaps the most striking feature of the area. The constituency is centred on Caerfyrddin Town and includes most of County Caerfyrddin and all that surrounds Caerfyrddin Town. These are covered in & by the constituency name, and additionally the natural beauty of its bae. Moreover it refers and covers the part outside the county which is also part of Caerfyrddin Bae; thus is inclusive. It is succinct. More favourable than having to add on to Caerfyrddin something like Penfro-South-east or the like. Thus it is the most appropriate name for the constituency - Caerfyrddin Bae.